

GUIDE SYSTEM AND METHOD OF OPERATION

CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATION

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~~This application is a nonprovisional application of U.S. provisional patent application "GUIDE SYSTEM AND METHOD OF OPERATION," U.S. Serial Number 60/023,692, filed August 14, 1996, having Kenneth A. Milnes and Steven Schein as the inventors and assigned to StarSight Telecast, Inc.~~

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates generally to a program schedule guide and, more particularly, to a system and process for allowing a television viewer to access on-screen television program listings in an easy and convenient way.

The number of television channels available to the user has grown dramatically within the last decade, primarily due to the availability of cable and direct broadcast satellite systems. As the number of programs of potential interest to the viewer has increased, a variety of electronic program guides have been developed to help the viewer select programs of particular interest. For example, commonly assigned U.S. Patent Numbers 4,706,121 and 5,353,121 each describes schedule information processing systems which provide the viewer with a convenient way to select programs based on viewer supplied selection criteria.

Although electronic program guides alleviate many of the problems associated with selecting programs of interest from the wealth of available channels, some users prefer lower cost systems.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The system and method of the present invention provides a program schedule guide which displays less program information, thereby lowering the program cost. The program information to be displayed is received by a peripheral device which can either be a stand-alone device, such as a set-top box, or integrated into the user's television or VCR.

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In a preferred embodiment of the invention, the program guide displays an abbreviated program schedule guide. In this embodiment, instead of allowing the user access to schedule information for every program being broadcast on the user's television system(s), the user has only limited schedule information access. The invention can either be designed to allow the user or the system operator to select the schedule information to be presented in this abbreviated mode.

In one embodiment, if the information is presented in an abbreviated format, the user may elect to pay more and get the full format.

In another embodiment of the invention, the program schedule guide only presents programs that are currently being broadcast and/or programs that are to be broadcast in the next thirty minute time slot.

In another embodiment, the user is able to view the schedule guide in either of two modes. In the first mode the schedule guide is displayed on the entire television screen. In the alternate mode, the schedule guide is displayed as an overlay partially covering the broadcast program on the TV screen. Thus in the alternate mode the user is able to view the schedule guide at the same time as they view the desired program.

In another embodiment of the invention, the program schedule guide and information is visually distinguished by color or font, thus making the guide more user friendly. Programs which are currently being broadcast can be designated a different color or font from programs which are to be broadcast during the next time slot. Programs can also be color coded by type, thus allowing the user to quickly differentiate between dramas, comedies, sports, news, etc. The program currently being viewed by the user and to which the television tuner has been set can also be coded by font or a different color.

The program guide can be easily upgraded to a guide system offering more user features. The upgrade can be purchased either through the system operator or through a local store. In one embodiment of the invention, the user can install the upgrade without requiring technical assistance from the system operator.

A further understanding of the nature and advantages of the present invention may be realized by reference to the remaining portions of the specification and the drawings.

Figure 1 illustrates a preferred embodiment of a TV/computer system on which a program schedule guide according to the present invention may be displayed;

Fig. 3 is an illustration of an alternate embodiment of the program schedule guide screen which only provides schedule information for programs which are currently available for viewing;

Fig. 5 is an illustration of a VCR programming screen in accordance with the present invention; and

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

The present invention provides a television (TV) schedule system which displays less program information, thereby lowering the program cost. Fig. 1 illustrates a preferred embodiment of TV/computer system 1 that displays a program schedule guide according to the present invention. As shown, system 1 includes a distribution center 10 and multiple receiving locations. Distribution center 10 compiles data for a data-stream. In a preferred embodiment, this data-stream is broadcast to receiving locations 16, 18, 20, and 22. Several methods are available for broadcasting the data-stream from distribution center 10 to receiving locations 16-22. For example, satellite 15 may broadcast this data-stream within the vertical blanking interval (VBI) of a television channel (e.g., PBS) or a dedicated channel to receiving locations 16, 18, 20, and 22. Alternatively, the data may be broadcast out of band, i.e., using non channel specific mechanisms. In another embodiment, the data-stream is provided to receiving locations 16, 18, 20, and 22 via transmission line 13. Transmission line 13 may be, for example, optical fiber, coax cable, telephone line, or the like.

In yet another embodiment, peripheral devices, which are located within the receiving locations, receive the data-stream from, for example, a local service provider 40. Service provider 40 receives the data-stream from distribution center 10 via line 17, and broadcasts the data-stream to the receiving peripheral devices via satellite 15 (or another satellite), or via lines 19 and 13. The receiving peripheral devices may be televisions 30, televisions 34, VCRs 32, VCRs 36, and/or set-top boxes 38. In still further embodiments, PCTVs may be utilized, or the data-stream may be provided to a personal computer for use with the computer and/or more of the above devices.

In the preferred embodiment, information in the data-stream includes TV schedule information. Software located within the peripheral devices utilize the schedule information provided in the data-stream to generate a schedule guide. The software is stored on a computer-readable storage medium such as a ROM, RAM, disk, or other storage device. If the schedule guide is in a grid format, for example, the available channels may be listed on the "y" axis and various times may be listed on the "x" axis. For more information on how the schedule system displays information, see U.S. Patent No. B1 4,706,121 and U.S. Patent No. 5,151,789. Both these patents, like the present patent application, are assigned to StarSight Telecast, Inc., and are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety for all purposes.

Fig. 2 is an illustration of a program schedule guide screen according to the present invention. As illustrated, program guide 100 substantially covers the display screen of the user's television monitor. The system may also be designed such that program guide 100 covers a portion of the screen, thus allowing the user to view both program guide 100 and a specific program simultaneously. According to one embodiment, the user may switch between a full screen display and an overlay screen to the current show via, for example, an on screen menu with cursor control. This feature allows a user to see a large scale version of the guide, or to be able to see the guide while also getting a "flavor" for a currently selected show through partial observation of the show. Preferably in this mode, the audio for the show also continues to be played.

A central portion 105 of guide 100 gives program schedule information for various channels. A cell 110 indicates the day of the week for

which the program guide information shown in portion 105 is applicable. Portion 105 is divided into cells 115, the length of each cell representing the duration of the program in question. Next to cell 110 and above cells 115 is a header portion 120. Cells 125 & 130 within portion 120 indicate the program times which correspond to the programs shown in individual cells 115.

In one embodiment of the invention, cells 125 and 130 are the only time cells. Cell 125 shows the current 1/2 hour increment, thus every program cell 115 which falls below cell 125 would represent a program which is currently on. This allows the user to immediately recognize what programs are currently available for viewing. In order to make the currently available programs more readily apparent, a portion 135 of portion 105 which is directly below time cell 125 may be color coded or have some other visually distinguishing characteristic. For example, the program names shown in portion 135 may have a different font or size or background. Thus when program guide 100 appears on the user's television screen, the color coding or other visually distinguishing characteristic allows the user to immediately know which shows are available for viewing, i.e., current programs and future programs may be visually distinguished. Programs may also be visually distinguished according to subject content, language, whether they are re-runs or whether or not the programs are being viewed or recorded or scheduled for recording.

Time cell 130 indicates the next 1/2 hour increment immediately following the time shown in cell 125. Therefore if time cell 125 indicates a time of 8:27 PM as used in Fig. 1, time cell 130 indicates a time of 8:30 PM. All of the programs listed in cells 115 which fall directly below cell 130 are programs which are upcoming in the next 1/2 hour time slot. Therefore the user is able to immediately determine the programs which are about to be broadcast. If desired, program cells 115 falling below time cell 130 may be color coded with a different color from that used to code the programs presently being broadcast or otherwise visually distinguished. Future programs may also be visually distinguished according to subject content, language, whether they are re-runs or whether or not the programs are being viewed or recorded or scheduled for recording. Furthermore, by noting whether or not there is a cell division 142 lying directly

below the division between time cells 125 and 130, the user is able to determine whether or not the show in question is beginning or already in play.

In one embodiment of the invention, it is not possible for the user to manipulate the program guide in order to obtain schedule information for programs
5 beginning at a time after that indicated in cell 130.

Portion 140 of guide 100 contains cells 145. Each cell 145 indicates the channel number corresponding to the program guide cell 115 lying immediately adjacent to it in the program guide. Instead of, or in combination with the channel number, cells 145 may contain the program service name. For example, a cell 145
10 may contain the channel number 8, the service name HBO, or both.

In another embodiment of the invention, not all of the channels which are available on the user's television system are represented within program guide 100. The channels which are to be represented in the guide can either be selected by the user or by the system operator, depending upon how the system is
15 configured. If the user designates the channels to be represented, channels which are seldom viewed can be "discarded", thus allowing the user to more efficiently review the program guide information. If the system operator designates the channels to be represented, then both time and cost savings may be realized since the system may provide less information.

The system operator can use a variety of criteria to determine which
20 channels are to be represented. For example, only the most popular channels may be represented. The system operator may also charge each broadcaster an additional fee to be listed on this particular guide. The system operator may also charge an additional fee, per time slot, to make a specific program "special". A
25 number of different schemes can be used to draw the user's attention to special programs. For example, the program may be listed first in the program guide, shown in a different typeface, presented in a different color, or given additional space for a program description.

In the preferred embodiment of the invention illustrated in Fig. 3, a
30 program guide 200 only provides program schedule information for a single time period, that period representing programs which are presently available for viewing. A cell 205 indicates the time period for which program schedule information is provided. Cell 205 changes every half hour. The programs available for viewing

PM when the user requests program guide information, the program guide would provide information for the time period beginning at 7:30 PM. However, if the user waits until 7:58 PM to make the same request, the information provided by the system will be for programs starting at 8:00 PM. The system can be further configured to indicate to the user whether or not a program is continued from a previous time period and/or whether or not the program will be continued after the present half hour time increment. These aspects of the invention can be implemented by either color coding the particular cell in question or through the use of some other form of marking or notation.

Fig. 5 is an illustration of a VCR programming screen 400 that may be used in combination with any of the previously described program guides. Screen 400 is divided into a seven day grid. The day of the week is indicated in cell 405. Adjacent to each day of the week is a linear grid 410 which divides each 24 hour day into 48 half hour increments. Due to the limited resolution of a standard television screen, grid 410 can be divided into several segments (e.g., 6, 8, or 12 hour segments), and the user may page through the grid to find the desired time slot. Grid 410 can also be limited to 12 hours, with the screen also having cells 415, which the user may use to indicate AM or PM.

In this embodiment the user first indicates the desire to program the VCR. Typically the initial program guide screen contains an icon labeled VCR. When the user selects this icon, screen 400 pops up. The user then selects the times over which recording is desired, for example by moving the cursor to the

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